



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/616,393	07/09/2003		Toyoshi Yasuda	S011-5066	9784
75	590	05/14/2004		EXAMINER	
ADAMS & W	'ILKS			WRIGHT, A	NDREW D
31st Floor 50 Broadway				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
New York, NY 10004				3617 DATE MAILED: 05/14/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Commence	10/616,393	YASUDA ET AL.	(
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<del> </del>
TI MAU DIO DATE CUI	Andrew Wright	3617	<del></del>
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addi	ess
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on      This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This      Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> .	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro		merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 11-13</u> is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-10 and 14-20</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or		*	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 July 2003</u> is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National St	tage
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/9/03, 11/10/03.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		52)

the state of the s

Application/Control Number: 10/616,393

Art Unit: 3617

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statements (IDS) received on 7/9/03 and 11/13/03 have been considered and placed in the file.

### Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: page 20, line 14, "32" should be --32h--; page 21 line 23, "30" should be --30b--. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 4 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herrera (US 6,419,535) in view of Takayanagi (US 5,873,756) and Yoshiyuki et al. (JP-A-HEI-8-99693, provided by applicant). Herrera shows an outboard motor with an engine, an top cover (10) and a lower cover (12). The top cover is releasably detachable from the under cover along generally horizontal edges. The under cover comprises left and right cover members that are detachably connected along vertical edges (see figures 1, 2, and 4). All of the above is well known and common in the art. Herrera shows numerous openings formed in the under cover. One such opening comprises U-shaped cutouts (25) formed along the vertical edge of each of the left and

Application/Control Number: 10/616,393

Art Unit: 3617

right members (column 3, lines 50-55, and figures 4, 10, and 11). Another such opening is not numbered or described but is clearly visible in figures 1, 2, and 4. As shown in figure 4, the opening is formed by U-shaped cutouts in each of the left and right cover members. The cutouts, and therefore the opening, is vertically spaced from the upper horizontal edge of the under cover. The cutouts, and therefore, the opening, extend contiguously from the vertical edge of the left and right cover members. The opening will necessarily allow some form of access to the engine room. Herrera does not disclose a lid attached to the outer surface of the under cover and deformable to open and close the opening. Takayanagi teaches that access openings are known in conventional outboard motor covers (column 1, lines 5-20 and 64-65). Takayanagi further teaches that it is known to provide sealing structures for access holes to prevent introduction of water into the under cover (column 2, lines 1-5). Yoshiyuki shows an outboard motor with access opening (49) in the undercover. Yoshiyuki shows that the access openings can be sealed with rubber plugs (50). Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Herrera by providing a rubber plug for the opening. The motivation would be to prevent water from entering the under cover. The rubber plug shown by Yoshiyuki has an outer edge that is attached by outer surface of the under cover. The rubber plug is deformable such that it can be inserted and removed in the opening.

5. Regarding claim 2, Herrera does not show that the engine and crankshaft and does not show that the opening is for access to a spark plug unit. Both Takayanagi and Yoshiyuki show an engine disposed with horizontal cylinders and a vertical crankshaft

Application/Control Number: 10/616,393

Art Unit: 3617

with the cylinder head, including the spark plug units, facing aft. Access openings are strategically located for whatever engine part the designer desires to provide access to. For example, Yoshiyuki shows an access opening over a cylinder head bolt, and Takayanagi shows access openings over a drain hole and a mounting bolt. It is well known that spark plugs relatively frequent inspection and maintenance. With the teaching of Yoshiyuki and Takayanagi as a starting point, it would be within the range of knowledge of the skilled artisan to locate and size the opening such that the spark plugs is accessible through the opening. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Herrera by using an engine with a vertical crankshaft and horizontal cylinder, and locating and sizing the opening such that the spark plugs are accessible through the opening. The motivation would be to provide easy access to an item that requires frequent inspection.

- 6. Regarding claim 3, Herrera discloses that eh under cover is made of fiberglass which is a synthetic resin material.
- 7. Regarding claim 4, Herrera shows the opening is formed by U-shaped cutouts in each of the left and right cover members. The cutouts, and therefore the opening, is vertically spaced from the upper horizontal edge of the under cover. The cutouts, and therefore, the opening, extend contiguously from the vertical edge of the left and right cover members.
- 8. Regarding claim 11, the lid of the modified invention is a rubber plug like that shown by Yoshiyuki. The lid has a seal portion that fits in the opening (see figure 4 of Yoshiyuki). Regarding claim 12, the seal portion has a groove that receives an edge of

Art Unit: 3617

the opening. Regarding claim 13, the lid has a continuous seal lip that extends around the groove. The seal lip engages the outer surface of the under cover.

### Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 5-10 and 14-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Davies ('559) teaches that various inspection and access covers are provided at various parts of the engine cover, including cover (170). Elingsen shows an engine cover with a removable front shield that covers an opening that provides access to the engine. Crane et al. ('396) shows an engine cover with a removable lid. Dunham ('618) shows an engine cover with a detachable access cover (550) (figures 6-8). Rinzaki ('341) is the US counterpart to a foreign application disclosed by applicant and shows an access hole with cover, the hole providing access to the engine head. Feehan ('921) shows an opening in an engine cover and a rubber plug similar to that of Yoshiyuki.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to examiner Andrew D. Wright at telephone number (703) 308-6841. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday from 9:00 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, S. Joe Morano, can be reached at (703) 308-0230. The fax number for

Art Unit: 3617

official communications is 703-872-9306. The fax number directly to the examiner for unofficial communications is 703-746-3548.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist at (703) 308-1113.

Andrew D. Wright Patent Examiner Art Unit 3617

A s/rolog